

# HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

## REPORT 2021/2022 OVERVIEW



**Uncertain Times,  
Unsettled Lives:  
Shaping our Future  
in a  
Transforming World**

# Human development indices

HDI rank	Human Development Index (HDI)		Inequality-adjusted HDI (IHDI)		Gender Development Index		Gender Inequality Index		Multidimensional Poverty Index <sup>a</sup>			
	Value 2021	Value 2021	Overall loss <sup>b</sup> (%) 2021	Difference from HDI rank <sup>b</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Group <sup>c</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Rank 2021	Value 2009-2020	Headcount (%) 2009-2020	Intensity of deprivation (%) 2009-2020	Year and survey <sup>d</sup> 2009-2020
<b>Very high human development</b>												
1 Switzerland	0.962	0.894	7.1	-3	0.967	2	0.018	3	..	..	..	..
2 Norway	0.961	0.908	5.5	0	0.983	1	0.016	2	..	..	..	..
3 Iceland	0.959	0.915	4.6	2	0.976	1	0.043	8	..	..	..	..
4 Hong Kong, China (SAR)	0.952	0.828	13.0	-19	0.976	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Australia	0.951	0.876	7.9	-6	0.968	2	0.073	19	..	..	..	..
6 Denmark	0.948	0.898	5.3	3	0.980	1	0.013	1	..	..	..	..
7 Sweden	0.947	0.885	6.5	0	0.988	1	0.023	4	..	..	..	..
8 Ireland	0.945	0.886	6.2	2	0.987	1	0.074	21	..	..	..	..
9 Germany	0.942	0.883	6.3	1	0.978	1	0.073	19	..	..	..	..
10 Netherlands	0.941	0.878	6.7	1	0.968	2	0.025	5	..	..	..	..
11 Finland	0.940	0.890	5.3	6	0.989	1	0.033	6	..	..	..	..
12 Singapore	0.939	0.817	13.0	-15	0.992	1	0.040	7	..	..	..	..
13 Belgium	0.937	0.874	6.7	1	0.978	1	0.048	10	..	..	..	..
13 New Zealand	0.937	0.865	7.7	0	0.975	1	0.088	25	..	..	..	..
15 Canada	0.936	0.860	8.1	1	0.988	1	0.069	17	..	..	..	..
16 Liechtenstein	0.935	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Luxembourg	0.930	0.850	8.6	0	0.993	1	0.044	9	..	..	..	..
18 United Kingdom	0.929	0.850	8.5	1	0.987	1	0.098	27	..	..	..	..
19 Japan	0.925	0.850	8.1	2	0.970	2	0.083	22	..	..	..	..
19 Korea (Republic of)	0.925	0.838	9.4	-3	0.944	3	0.067	15	..	..	..	..
21 United States	0.921	0.819	11.1	-5	1.001	1	0.179	44	..	..	..	..
22 Israel	0.919	0.815	11.3	-8	0.992	1	0.083	22	..	..	..	..
23 Malta	0.918	0.849	7.5	2	0.980	1	0.167	42	..	..	..	..
23 Slovenia	0.918	0.878	4.4	13	0.999	1	0.071	18	..	..	..	..
25 Austria	0.916	0.851	7.1	9	0.980	1	0.053	12	..	..	..	..
26 United Arab Emirates	0.911	..	..	..	0.953	2	0.049	11	..	..	..	..
27 Spain	0.905	0.788	12.9	-12	0.986	1	0.057	14	..	..	..	..
28 France	0.903	0.825	8.6	2	0.990	1	0.083	22	..	..	..	..
29 Cyprus	0.896	0.819	8.6	2	0.972	2	0.123	35	..	..	..	..
30 Italy	0.895	0.791	11.6	-7	0.970	2	0.056	13	..	..	..	..
31 Estonia	0.890	0.829	6.9	7	1.021	1	0.100	28	..	..	..	..
32 Czechia	0.889	0.850	4.4	14	0.989	1	0.120	34	..	..	..	..
33 Greece	0.887	0.791	10.8	-4	0.969	2	0.119	32	..	..	..	..
34 Poland	0.876	0.816	6.8	4	1.008	1	0.109	31	..	..	..	..
35 Bahrain	0.875	..	..	..	0.927	3	0.181	46	..	..	..	..
35 Lithuania	0.875	0.800	8.6	2	1.030	2	0.105	30	..	..	..	..
35 Saudi Arabia	0.875	..	..	..	0.917	4	0.247	59	..	..	..	..
38 Portugal	0.866	0.773	10.7	-4	0.994	1	0.067	15	..	..	..	..
39 Latvia	0.863	0.792	8.2	2	1.025	1	0.151	40	..	..	..	..
40 Andorra	0.858	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
40 Croatia	0.858	0.797	7.1	4	0.995	1	0.093	26	..	..	..	..
42 Chile	0.855	0.722	15.6	-8	0.967	2	0.187	47	..	..	..	..
42 Qatar	0.855	..	..	..	1.019	1	0.220	54	..	..	..	..
44 San Marino	0.853	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
45 Slovakia	0.848	0.803	5.3	8	0.999	1	0.180	45	..	..	..	..
46 Hungary	0.846	0.792	6.4	6	0.987	1	0.221	55	..	..	..	..
47 Argentina	0.842	0.720	14.5	-6	0.997	1	0.287	69	..	..	..	..
48 Türkiye	0.838	0.717	14.4	-7	0.937	3	0.272	65	..	..	..	..
49 Montenegro	0.832	0.756	9.1	2	0.981	1	0.119	32	0.005	12	39.6	2018 M
50 Kuwait	0.831	..	..	..	1.009	1	0.305	74	..	..	..	..
51 Brunei Darussalam	0.829	..	..	..	0.984	1	0.259	61	..	..	..	..
52 Russian Federation	0.822	0.751	8.6	1	1.016	1	0.203	50	..	..	..	..
53 Romania	0.821	0.733	10.7	1	0.994	1	0.282	67	..	..	..	..
54 Oman	0.816	0.708	13.2	-7	0.900	4	0.300	72	..	..	..	..
55 Bahamas	0.812	..	..	..	..	..	0.329	78	..	..	..	..
56 Kazakhstan	0.811	0.755	6.9	5	0.998	1	0.161	41	0.002 <sup>e</sup>	0.5 <sup>e</sup>	35.6 <sup>e</sup>	2015 M
57 Trinidad and Tobago	0.810	..	..	..	0.985	1	0.344	81	0.002 <sup>e</sup>	0.6 <sup>e</sup>	38.0 <sup>e</sup>	2011 M
58 Costa Rica	0.809	0.664	17.9	-17	0.996	1	0.256	60	0.002 <sup>e,f</sup>	0.5 <sup>e,f</sup>	37.1 <sup>e,f</sup>	2018 M
58 Uruguay	0.809	0.710	12.2	-3	1.022	1	0.235	58	..	..	..	..
60 Belarus	0.808	0.765	5.3	10	1.011	1	0.104	29	..	..	..	..
61 Panama	0.805	0.640	20.5	-19	1.017	1	0.392	96	..	..	..	..
62 Malaysia	0.803	..	..	..	0.982	1	0.228	57	..	..	..	..
63 Georgia	0.802	0.706	12.0	-2	1.007	1	0.280	66	0.001 <sup>e</sup>	0.3 <sup>e</sup>	36.6 <sup>e</sup>	2018 M
63 Mauritius	0.802	0.666	17.0	-11	0.973	2	0.347	82	..	..	..	..

Continued →

HDI rank	Human Development Index (HDI)		Inequality-adjusted HDI (IHDI)		Gender Development Index		Gender Inequality Index		Multidimensional Poverty Index <sup>a</sup>			
	Value 2021	Value 2021	Overall loss <sup>b</sup> (%) 2021	Difference from HDI rank <sup>c</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Group <sup>d</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Rank 2021	Value 2009–2020	Headcount (%) 2009–2020	Intensity of deprivation (%) 2009–2020	Year and survey <sup>d</sup> 2009–2020
<b>High human development</b>												
63 Serbia	0.802	0.720	10.2	5	0.982	1	0.131	36	0.000 <sup>e,g</sup>	0.1 <sup>e,g</sup>	38.1 <sup>e,g</sup>	2019 M
66 Thailand	0.800	0.686	14.3	-2	1.012	1	0.333	79	0.002 <sup>e</sup>	0.6 <sup>e</sup>	36.7 <sup>e</sup>	2019 M
67 Albania	0.796	0.710	10.8	5	1.007	1	0.144	39	0.003	0.7	39.1	2017/2018 D
68 Bulgaria	0.795	0.701	11.8	2	0.995	1	0.210	52	..	..	..	..
68 Grenada	0.795	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
70 Barbados	0.790	0.657	16.8	-9	1.034	2	0.268	64	0.009 <sup>h</sup>	2.5 <sup>h</sup>	34.2 <sup>h</sup>	2012 M
71 Antigua and Barbuda	0.788	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
72 Seychelles	0.785	0.661	15.8	-7	..	..	..	..	0.003 <sup>i,l</sup>	0.9 <sup>l</sup>	34.2 <sup>i,l</sup>	2019 N
73 Sri Lanka	0.782	0.676	13.6	-2	0.949	3	0.383	92	0.011	2.9	38.3	2016 N
74 Bosnia and Herzegovina	0.780	0.677	13.2	0	0.940	3	0.136	38	0.008 <sup>h</sup>	2.2 <sup>h</sup>	37.9 <sup>h</sup>	2011/2012 M
75 Saint Kitts and Nevis	0.777	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
76 Iran (Islamic Republic of)	0.774	0.686	11.4	5	0.880	5	0.459	115	..	..	..	..
77 Ukraine	0.773	0.726	6.1	18	1.012	1	0.200	49	0.001 <sup>j</sup>	0.2 <sup>j</sup>	34.4 <sup>j</sup>	2012 M
78 North Macedonia	0.770	0.686	10.9	7	0.945	3	0.134	37	0.001	0.4	38.2	2018/2019 M
79 China	0.768	0.651	15.2	-3	0.984	1	0.192	48	0.016 <sup>k,l</sup>	3.9 <sup>k,l</sup>	41.4 <sup>k,l</sup>	2014 Nm
80 Dominican Republic	0.767	0.618	19.4	-9	1.014	1	0.429	106	0.015 <sup>j</sup>	39 <sup>j</sup>	38.9 <sup>j</sup>	2014 M
80 Moldova (Republic of)	0.767	0.711	7.3	16	1.010	1	0.205	51	0.004	0.9	37.4	2012 M
80 Palau	0.767	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
83 Cuba	0.764	..	..	..	0.961	2	0.303	73	0.003 <sup>e</sup>	0.7 <sup>e</sup>	38.1 <sup>e</sup>	2019 M
84 Peru	0.762	0.635	16.7	-3	0.950	2	0.380	90	0.029	7.4	39.6	2018 N
85 Armenia	0.759	0.688	9.4	13	1.001	1	0.216	53	0.001	0.2	36.2	2015/2016 D
86 Mexico	0.758	0.621	18.1	-3	0.989	1	0.309	75	0.026 <sup>h</sup>	6.6 <sup>h</sup>	39.0 <sup>h</sup>	2016 Nn
87 Brazil	0.754	0.576	23.6	-20	0.994	1	0.390	94	0.016 <sup>e,j,o</sup>	3.8 <sup>e,j,o</sup>	42.5 <sup>e,j,o</sup>	2015 No
88 Colombia	0.752	0.589	21.7	-14	0.984	1	0.424	102	0.020 <sup>j</sup>	4.8 <sup>j</sup>	40.6 <sup>j</sup>	2015/2016 D
89 Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	0.751	..	..	..	0.970	2	0.390	94	..	..	..	..
90 Maldives	0.747	0.594	20.5	-9	0.925	3	0.348	83	0.003	0.8	34.4	2016/2017 D
91 Algeria	0.745	0.598	19.7	-7	0.880	5	0.499	126	0.005	1.4	39.2	2018/2019 M
91 Azerbaijan	0.745	0.685	8.1	14	0.974	2	0.294	70	..	..	..	..
91 Tonga	0.745	0.666	10.6	11	0.965	2	0.631	160	0.003	0.9	38.1	2019 M
91 Turkmenistan	0.745	0.619	16.9	0	0.956	2	0.177	43	0.001 <sup>f</sup>	0.2 <sup>f</sup>	34.0 <sup>f</sup>	2019 M
95 Ecuador	0.740	0.604	18.4	0	0.980	1	0.362	85	0.018 <sup>e</sup>	4.6 <sup>e</sup>	39.9 <sup>e</sup>	2013/2014 N
96 Mongolia	0.739	0.644	12.9	10	1.031	2	0.313	76	0.028 <sup>p</sup>	7.3 <sup>p</sup>	38.8 <sup>p</sup>	2018 M
97 Egypt	0.731	0.519	29.0	-21	0.882	5	0.443	109	0.020 <sup>f</sup>	5.2 <sup>f</sup>	37.6 <sup>f</sup>	2014 D
97 Tunisia	0.731	0.588	19.6	-7	0.931	3	0.259	61	0.003	0.8	36.5	2018 M
99 Fiji	0.730	..	..	..	0.931	3	0.318	77	..	..	..	..
99 Suriname	0.730	0.532	27.1	-18	1.001	1	0.427	105	0.011	2.9	39.4	2018 M
101 Uzbekistan	0.727	..	..	..	0.944	3	0.227	56	..	..	..	..
102 Dominica	0.720	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
102 Jordan	0.720	0.617	14.3	7	0.887	5	0.471	118	0.002	0.4	35.4	2017/2018 D
104 Libya	0.718	..	..	..	0.975	1	0.259	61	0.007	2.0	37.1	2014 P
105 Paraguay	0.717	0.582	18.8	-6	0.990	1	0.445	111	0.019	4.5	41.9	2016 M
106 Palestine, State of	0.715	0.584	18.3	-4	0.891	5	..	..	0.002	0.6	35.0	2019/2020 M
106 Saint Lucia	0.715	0.559	21.8	-8	1.011	1	0.381	91	0.007 <sup>h</sup>	19 <sup>h</sup>	37.5 <sup>h</sup>	2012 M
108 Guyana	0.714	0.591	17.2	3	0.978	1	0.454	114	0.007	1.7	38.8	2019/2020 M
109 South Africa	0.713	0.471	33.9	-22	0.944	3	0.405	97	0.025	6.3	39.8	2016 D
110 Jamaica	0.709	0.591	16.6	5	0.990	1	0.335	80	0.018 <sup>h</sup>	4.7 <sup>h</sup>	38.7 <sup>h</sup>	2014 N
111 Samoa	0.707	0.613	13.3	13	0.957	2	0.418	99	..	..	..	..
112 Gabon	0.706	0.554	21.5	-3	0.908	4	0.541	140	0.070	15.6	44.7	2012 D
112 Lebanon	0.706	..	..	..	0.882	5	0.432	108	..	..	..	..
114 Indonesia	0.705	0.585	17.0	4	0.941	3	0.444	110	0.014 <sup>j</sup>	3.6 <sup>j</sup>	38.7 <sup>j</sup>	2017 D
115 Viet Nam	0.703	0.602	14.4	14	1.002	1	0.296	71	0.019 <sup>j</sup>	4.9 <sup>j</sup>	39.5 <sup>j</sup>	2013/2014 M
<b>Medium human development</b>												
116 Philippines	0.699	0.574	17.9	2	0.990	1	0.419	101	0.024 <sup>j</sup>	5.8 <sup>j</sup>	41.8 <sup>j</sup>	2017 D
117 Botswana	0.693	..	..	..	0.981	1	0.468	117	0.073 <sup>q</sup>	17.2 <sup>q</sup>	42.2 <sup>q</sup>	2015/2016 N
118 Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	0.692	0.549	20.7	-1	0.964	2	0.418	99	0.038	9.1	41.7	2016 N
118 Kyrgyzstan	0.692	0.627	9.4	23	0.966	2	0.370	87	0.001	0.4	36.3	2018 M
120 Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	0.691	0.592	14.3	14	0.983	1	0.492	123	..	..	..	..
121 Iraq	0.686	0.554	19.2	4	0.803	5	0.558	145	0.033	8.6	37.9	2018 M
122 Tajikistan	0.685	0.599	12.6	19	0.909	4	0.285	68	0.029	7.4	39.0	2017 D
123 Belize	0.683	0.535	21.7	1	0.975	1	0.364	86	0.017	4.3	39.8	2015/2016 M
123 Morocco	0.683	0.504	26.2	-4	0.861	5	0.425	104	0.027 <sup>r</sup>	6.4 <sup>r</sup>	42.0 <sup>r</sup>	2017/2018 P
125 El Salvador	0.675	0.548	18.8	5	0.964	2	0.376	88	0.032	7.9	41.3	2014 M
126 Nicaragua	0.667	0.516	22.6	1	0.956	2	0.424	102	0.074	16.5	45.3	2011/2012 D
127 Bhutan	0.666	0.471	29.3	-6	0.937	3	0.415	98	0.175 <sup>e</sup>	37.3 <sup>e</sup>	46.8 <sup>e</sup>	2010 M

Continued →

HDI rank	Human Development Index (HDI)		Inequality-adjusted HDI (IHDI)			Gender Development Index		Gender Inequality Index			Multidimensional Poverty Index <sup>a</sup>			
	Value 2021	Value 2021	Overall loss <sup>b</sup> (%) 2021	Difference from HDI rank <sup>b</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Group <sup>c</sup> 2021	Value 2021	Rank 2021	Value 2009-2020	Headcount (%) 2009-2020	Intensity of deprivation (%) 2009-2020	Year and survey <sup>d</sup> 2009-2020		
128 Cabo Verde	0.662	..	..	..	0.981	1	0.349	84	..	..	..	..	..	
129 Bangladesh	0.661	0.503	23.9	0	0.898	5	0.530	131	0.104	24.6	42.2	2019 M	..	
130 Tuvalu	0.641	0.541	15.6	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
131 Marshall Islands	0.639	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
132 India	0.633	0.475	25.0	-2	0.849	5	0.490	122	0.123	27.9	43.9	2015/2016 D	..	
133 Ghana	0.632	0.458	27.5	-6	0.946	3	0.529	130	0.111	24.6	45.1	2017/2018 M	..	
134 Micronesia (Federated States of)	0.628	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
135 Guatemala	0.627	0.460	26.6	-3	0.917	4	0.481	121	0.134	28.9	46.2	2014/2015 D	..	
136 Kiribati	0.624	0.516	17.3	8	..	..	..	..	0.080	19.8	40.5	2018/2019 M	..	
137 Honduras	0.621	0.479	22.9	4	0.960	2	0.431	107	0.093 <sup>s</sup>	20.0 <sup>s</sup>	46.5 <sup>s</sup>	2011/2012 D	..	
138 Sao Tome and Principe	0.618	0.503	18.6	7	0.907	4	0.494	124	0.048	11.7	40.9	2019 M	..	
139 Namibia	0.615	0.402	34.6	-10	1.004	1	0.445	111	0.185	40.9	45.2	2013 D	..	
140 Lao People's Democratic Republic	0.607	0.459	24.4	1	0.949	3	0.478	120	0.108	23.1	47.0	2017 M	..	
140 Timor-Leste	0.607	0.440	27.5	-3	0.917	4	0.378	89	0.222	48.3	45.9	2016 D	..	
140 Vanuatu	0.607	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..e	..e	..e	..	..	
143 Nepal	0.602	0.449	25.4	0	0.942	3	0.452	113	0.074	17.5	42.5	2019 M	..	
144 Eswatini (Kingdom of)	0.597	0.424	29.0	-3	0.986	1	0.540	138	0.081	19.2	42.3	2014 M	..	
145 Equatorial Guinea	0.596	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
146 Cambodia	0.593	0.479	19.2	11	0.926	3	0.461	116	0.170	37.2	45.8	2014 D	..	
146 Zimbabwe	0.593	0.458	22.8	4	0.961	2	0.532	134	0.110	25.8	42.6	2019 M	..	
148 Angola	0.586	0.407	30.5	-2	0.903	4	0.537	136	0.282	51.1	55.3	2015/2016 D	..	
149 Myanmar	0.585	..	..	..	0.944	3	0.498	125	0.176	38.3	45.9	2015/2016 D	..	
150 Syrian Arab Republic	0.577	..	..	..	0.825	5	0.477	119	0.029 <sup>e</sup>	7.4 <sup>e</sup>	38.9 <sup>e</sup>	2009 P	..	
151 Cameroon	0.576	0.393	31.8	-6	0.885	5	0.565	148	0.232	43.6	53.2	2018 D	..	
152 Kenya	0.575	0.426	25.9	3	0.941	3	0.506	128	0.171	37.5	45.6	2014 D	..	
153 Congo	0.571	0.432	24.3	5	0.934	3	0.564	147	0.112	24.3	46.0	2014/2015 M	..	
154 Zambia	0.565	0.390	31.0	-4	0.965	2	0.540	138	0.232	47.9	48.4	2018 D	..	
155 Solomon Islands	0.564	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
156 Comoros	0.558	0.310	44.4	-21	0.891	5	..	..	0.181	37.3	48.5	2012 D	..	
156 Papua New Guinea	0.558	0.397	28.9	0	0.931	3	0.725	169	0.263 <sup>j</sup>	56.6 <sup>j</sup>	46.5 <sup>j</sup>	2016/2018 D	..	
158 Mauritania	0.556	0.389	30.0	-2	0.890	5	0.632	161	0.261	50.6	51.5	2015 M	..	
159 Côte d'Ivoire	0.550	0.358	34.9	-8	0.887	5	0.613	155	0.236	46.1	51.2	2016 M	..	
<b>Low human development</b>														
160 Tanzania (United Republic of)	0.549	0.418	23.9	8	0.943	3	0.560	146	0.284	57.1	49.8	2015/2016 D	..	
161 Pakistan	0.544	0.380	30.1	0	0.810	5	0.534	135	0.198	38.3	51.7	2017/2018 D	..	
162 Togo	0.539	0.372	31.0	-1	0.849	5	0.580	149	0.180	37.6	47.8	2017 M	..	
163 Haiti	0.535	0.327	38.9	-12	0.898	5	0.635	163	0.200	41.3	48.4	2016/2017 D	..	
163 Nigeria	0.535	0.341	36.3	-7	0.863	5	0.680	168	0.254	46.4	54.8	2018 D	..	
165 Rwanda	0.534	0.402	24.7	11	0.954	2	0.388	93	0.259	54.4	47.5	2014/2015 D	..	
166 Benin	0.525	0.334	36.4	-7	0.880	5	0.602	152	0.368	66.8	55.0	2017/2018 D	..	
166 Uganda	0.525	0.396	24.6	9	0.927	3	0.530	131	0.281	57.2	49.2	2016 D	..	
168 Lesotho	0.514	0.372	27.6	5	0.985	1	0.557	144	0.084 <sup>i</sup>	19.6 <sup>i</sup>	43.0 <sup>i</sup>	2018 M	..	
169 Malawi	0.512	0.377	26.4	7	0.968	2	0.554	142	0.252	54.2	46.5	2015/2016 D	..	
170 Senegal	0.511	0.354	30.7	2	0.874	5	0.530	131	0.263	50.8	51.7	2019 D	..	
171 Djibouti	0.509	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
172 Sudan	0.508	0.336	33.9	-1	0.870	5	0.553	141	0.279	52.3	53.4	2014 M	..	
173 Madagascar	0.501	0.367	26.7	7	0.956	2	0.556	143	0.384	69.1	55.6	2018 M	..	
174 Gambia	0.500	0.348	30.4	4	0.924	4	0.611	153	0.204	41.6	49.0	2018 M	..	
175 Ethiopia	0.498	0.363	27.1	8	0.921	4	0.520	129	0.367	68.7	53.3	2019 D	..	
176 Eritrea	0.492	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
177 Guinea-Bissau	0.483	0.306	36.6	-5	0.867	5	0.627	159	0.341	64.4	52.9	2018/2019 M	..	
178 Liberia	0.481	0.330	31.4	2	0.871	5	0.648	164	0.259	52.3	49.6	2019/2020 D	..	
179 Congo (Democratic Republic of the)	0.479	0.341	28.8	7	0.885	5	0.601	151	0.331	64.5	51.3	2017/2018 M	..	
180 Afghanistan	0.478	..	..	..	0.681	5	0.678	167	0.272 <sup>j</sup>	55.9 <sup>j</sup>	48.6 <sup>j</sup>	2015/2016 D	..	
181 Sierra Leone	0.477	0.309	35.2	0	0.893	5	0.633	162	0.293	59.2	49.5	2019 D	..	
182 Guinea	0.465	0.299	35.7	-4	0.850	5	0.621	157	0.373	66.2	56.4	2018 D	..	
183 Yemen	0.455	0.307	32.5	1	0.496	5	0.820	170	0.245	48.5	50.6	2013 D	..	
184 Burkina Faso	0.449	0.315	29.8	5	0.903	4	0.621	157	0.523	84.2	62.2	2010 D	..	
185 Mozambique	0.446	0.300	32.7	0	0.922	4	0.537	136	0.417	73.1	57.0	2011 D	..	
186 Mali	0.428	0.291	32.0	-2	0.887	5	0.613	155	0.376	68.3	55.0	2018 D	..	
187 Burundi	0.426	0.302	29.1	3	0.935	3	0.505	127	0.409	75.1	54.4	2016/2017 D	..	
188 Central African Republic	0.404	0.240	40.6	-3	0.810	5	0.672	166	0.461	80.4	57.4	2018/2019 M	..	
189 Niger	0.400	0.292	27.0	2	0.835	5	0.611	153	0.601	91.0	66.1	2012 D	..	
190 Chad	0.394	0.251	36.3	1	0.770	5	0.652	165	0.517	84.2	61.4	2019 M	..	
191 South Sudan	0.385	0.245	36.4	1	0.843	5	0.587	150	0.580	91.9	63.2	2010 M	..	
<b>Other countries or territories</b>														
.. Korea (Democratic People's Rep. of)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
.. Monaco	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
.. Nauru	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
.. Somalia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

Continued →

HDI rank	Human Development Index (HDI)		Inequality-adjusted HDI (IHDI)		Gender Development Index		Gender Inequality Index		Multidimensional Poverty Index <sup>a</sup>																			
	Value	Value	Overall loss <sup>b</sup> (%)	2021	Value	2021	Group <sup>c</sup>	Value	Rank	Value	Headcount (%)	Intensity of deprivation (%)	Year and survey <sup>d</sup>															
	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2009-2020	2009-2020	2009-2020	2009-2020															
<b>Human development groups</b>																												
Very high human development	0.896	0.805	10.2	–	0.986	–	0.155	–	0.002	0.5	36.6	–	–															
High human development	0.754	0.627	16.8	–	0.973	–	0.329	–	0.016	4.0	40.5	–	–															
Medium human development	0.636	0.481	24.4	–	0.880	–	0.494	–	0.119	26.7	44.7	–	–															
Low human development	0.518	0.359	30.7	–	0.864	–	0.577	–	0.298	55.6	53.6	–	–															
Developing countries	0.685	0.538	21.5	–	0.937	–	0.487	–	0.105	21.7	48.6	–	–															
<b>Regions</b>																												
Arab States	0.708	0.534	24.6	–	0.871	–	0.536	–	0.071	14.5	48.7	–	–															
East Asia and the Pacific	0.749	0.630	15.9	–	0.978	–	0.337	–	0.023	5.4	42.5	–	–															
Europe and Central Asia	0.796	0.714	10.3	–	0.961	–	0.227	–	0.004	1.0	38.0	–	–															
Latin America and the Caribbean	0.754	0.601	20.3	–	0.986	–	0.381	–	0.030	6.9	42.8	–	–															
South Asia	0.632	0.476	24.7	–	0.852	–	0.508	–	0.131	29.0	45.2	–	–															
Sub-Saharan Africa	0.547	0.383	30.0	–	0.907	–	0.569	–	0.286	53.4	53.5	–	–															
Least developed countries	0.540	0.390	27.8	–	0.894	–	0.562	–	0.278	53.2	52.3	–	–															
Small island developing states	0.730	0.557	23.7	–	0.962	–	0.461	–	0.111	23.3	47.4	–	–															
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	0.899	0.800	11.0	–	0.985	–	0.185	–	0.023	5.9	39.4	–	–															
<b>World</b>	<b>0.732</b>	<b>0.590</b>	<b>19.4</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>0.958</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>0.465</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>0.105</b>	<b>21.7</b>	<b>48.6</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>															
<b>Notes</b>																												
a	Not all indicators were available for all countries, so caution should be used in cross-country comparisons. When an indicator is missing, weights of available indicators are adjusted to total 100 percent. See <i>Technical note 5</i> at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> for details.																											
b	Based on countries for which an Inequality-adjusted Human Development Index value is calculated.																											
c	Countries are divided into five groups by absolute deviation from gender parity in HDI values.																											
d	<i>D</i> indicates data from Demographic and Health Surveys, <i>M</i> indicates data from Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, <i>N</i> indicates data from national surveys and <i>P</i> indicates data from Pan Arab Population and Family Health Surveys (see <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/en/mpi-2021-faq-for-the-list-of-national-surveys">http://hdr.undp.org/en/mpi-2021-faq-for-the-list-of-national-surveys</a> ).																											
e	Considers child deaths that occurred at any time because the survey did not collect the date of child deaths.																											
f	Missing indicator on cooking fuel.																											
g	Because of the high proportion of children excluded from nutrition indicators due to measurements not being taken, estimates based on the 2019 Serbia Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey should be interpreted with caution. The unweighted sample size used for the multidimensional poverty calculation is 82.8 percent.																											
h	Missing indicator on child mortality.																											
i	Missing indicator on school attendance.																											
j	Missing indicator on nutrition.																											
k	Given the information available in the data, child mortality was constructed based on deaths that occurred between surveys—that is, between 2012 and 2014. Child deaths reported by an adult man in the household were taken into account because the date of death was reported.																											
l	Missing indicator on housing.																											
m	Based on the version of data accessed on 7 June 2016.																											
n	Multidimensional Poverty Index estimates are based on the 2016 National Health and Nutrition Survey. Estimates based on the 2015 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey are 0.010 for Multidimensional Poverty Index value, 2.6 for multidimensional poverty headcount, 3,207,000 for multidimensional poverty headcount in year of survey, 3,317,000 for projected multidimensional poverty headcount in 2019, 40.2 for intensity of deprivation, 0.4 for population in severe multidimensional poverty, 6.1 for population vulnerable to multidimensional poverty, 39.9 for contribution of deprivation in health, 23.8 for contribution of deprivation in education and 36.3 for contribution of deprivation in standard of living.																											
o The methodology was adjusted to account for missing indicator on nutrition and incomplete indicator on child mortality (the survey did not collect the date of child deaths).																												
p Indicator on sanitation follows the national classification in which pit latrine with slab is considered unimproved.																												
q Indicator on child mortality captures only deaths of children under age 5 who died in the last five years and deaths of children ages 12–18 who died in the last two years.																												
r Following the national report, latrines are considered an improved source for the sanitation indicator.																												
s Missing indicator on electricity.																												
<b>Definitions</b>																												
<b>Human Development Index (HDI):</b> A composite index measuring average achievement in three basic dimensions of human development—a long and healthy life, knowledge and a decent standard of living. See <i>Technical note 1</i> at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> for details on how the HDI is calculated.																												
<b>Inequality-adjusted HDI (IHDI):</b> HDI value adjusted for inequalities in the three basic dimensions of human development. See <i>Technical note 2</i> at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> for details on how the IHDI is calculated.																												
<b>Difference from HDI rank:</b> Difference in ranks on the IHDI and the HDI.																												
<b>Gender Development Index:</b> Ratio of female to male HDI values. See <i>Technical note 3</i> at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> for details on how the GDI is calculated.																												
<b>Gender Development Index groups:</b> Countries are divided into five groups by absolute deviation from gender parity in HDI values. Group 1 comprises countries with high equality in HDI achievements between women and men (absolute deviation of less than 2.5 percent), group 2 comprises countries with medium to high equality in HDI achievements between women and men (absolute deviation of 2.5–5 percent), group 3 comprises countries with medium equality in HDI achievements between women and men (absolute deviation of 5–7.5 percent), group 4 comprises countries with medium to low equality in HDI achievements between women and men (absolute deviation of 7.5–10 percent) and group 5 comprises countries with low equality in HDI achievements between women and men (absolute deviation from gender parity of more than 10 percent).																												
<b>Gender Inequality Index:</b> A composite measure reflecting inequality in achievement between women and men in three dimensions: reproductive health, empowerment and the labour market.																												
<b>Multidimensional Poverty Index<sup>a</sup>:</b> Percentage of the population that is multidimensionally poor adjusted by the intensity of the deprivations. See <i>Technical note 5</i> at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> for details on how the Multidimensional Poverty Index is calculated.																												
<b>Multidimensional poverty headcount:</b> Population with a deprivation score of at least 33 percent. It is expressed as a share of the population in the survey year, the number of multidimensionally poor people in the survey year and the projected number of multidimensionally poor people in 2019.																												
<b>Intensity of deprivation of multidimensional poverty:</b> Average deprivation score experienced by people in multidimensional poverty.																												
<b>Main data sources</b>																												
<b>Column 1:</b> HDRO calculations based on data from Barro and Lee (2018), IMF (2022), UNDESA (2022a), UNESCO Institute for Statistics (2022), UNSD (2022) and World Bank (2022).																												
<b>Column 2:</b> Calculated as the geometric mean of the values in the inequality-adjusted life expectancy index, inequality-adjusted education index and inequality-adjusted income index using the methodology in <i>Technical note 2</i> (available at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/hdr2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> ).																												
<b>Column 3:</b> Calculated based on data in columns 1 and 2.																												
<b>Column 4:</b> Calculated based on IHDI values and recalculated HDI ranks for countries for which an IHDI value is calculated.																												
<b>Column 5:</b> HDRO calculations based on data from Barro and Lee (2018), ILO (2022), IMF (2022), UNDESA (2022a), UNESCO Institute for Statistics (2022) and World Bank (2022).																												
<b>Column 6:</b> Calculated based on data in column 5.																												
<b>Column 7:</b> HDRO calculations based on data from Barro and Lee (2018), ICF Macro Demographic and Health Surveys, ILO (2022), IPU (2022), OECD (2022), UNDESA (2022a), UNESCO Institute for Statistics (2022), UNICEF Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys and WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and United Nations Population Division (2019).																												
<b>Column 8:</b> Calculated based on data in column 7.																												
<b>Columns 9–11:</b> HDRO and OPHI calculations based on data on household deprivations in health, education, and standard of living from various surveys listed in column 12 using the methodology described in <i>Technical note 5</i> (available at <a href="http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/mpi2022_technical_notes.pdf">http://hdr.undp.org/sites/default/files/mpi2022_technical_notes.pdf</a> ).																												
<b>Column 12:</b> Refers to the year and the survey whose data were used to calculate the country's Multidimensional Poverty Index value and its components.																												